▶ NURLAN KOGABAEV, Computable dimension and projective planes.

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In the present paper we investigate the question of possible computable dimensions of countable structures in the following familiar classes of projective planes: free projective planes, freely generated projective planes, pappian projective planes, and desarguesian projective planes.

For free projective planes the following characterization of computable categoricity have been found.

THEOREM 1. Every free projective plane has computable dimension either 1 or ω . Furthermore, such a plane is computably categorical if and only if it has finite rank.

It turns out that the results of Theorem 1 can not be extended to the case of freely generated projective planes.

In [1] it was shown that the class of symmetric irreflexive graphs is HKSS-complete in the following computable-model-theoretic sense: for every countable structure \mathcal{A} , there exists a countable symmetric irreflexive graph \mathcal{G} which has the same degree spectrum as \mathcal{A} , the same **d**-computable dimension as \mathcal{A} (for each degree **d**), the same computable dimension as \mathcal{A} under expansion by a constant, and which realizes every degree spectrum $\mathrm{DgSp}_{\mathcal{A}}(R)$ (for every relation R on \mathcal{A}) as the degree spectrum of some relation on \mathcal{G} .

We construct an effective coding of symmetric irreflexive graphs into freely generated projective planes preserving most computable-model-theoretic properties and obtain the following result.

THEOREM 2. The class of freely generated projective planes is HKSS-complete. In particular, for every $n \in \omega \cup \{\omega\}$ there exists a freely generated projective plane of infinite rank with computable dimension n.

In [2] it was proved that the class of fields is HKSS-complete. We use some natural coding of fields into pappian projective planes to obtain the following theorem.

THEOREM 3. The class of pappian (desarguesian) projective planes is HKSS-complete. In particular, for every $n \in \omega \cup \{\omega\}$ there exists a pappian (desarguesian) projective plane with computable dimension n.

We also calculate the complexity of the computable categoricity problem for familiar classes of projective planes.

THEOREM 4. The computable categoricity problem for the class of free projective planes is m-complete Σ_3^0 . For the classes of freely generated, pappian, desarguesian and arbitrary projective planes the computable categoricity problem is m-complete Π_1^1 .

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[1] D.R.HIRSCHFELDT, B.KHOUSSAINOV, R.A.SHORE, A.M.SLINKO, Degree spectra and computable dimensions in algebraic structures, Annals of Pure and Applied Logic, vol. 115 (2002), no. 1-3, pp. 71–113.

[2] R.MILLER, B.POONEN, H.SCHOUTENS, A.SHLAPENTOKH, A computable functor from graphs to fields, **The Journal of Symbolic Logic**, vol. 83 (2018), no. 1, pp. 326–348.